Poetry Review

I. Types of Poetry

A. Ballad - story

B. Sonnet – 14 lines, specific rhyme scheme & rhythm, 3 quatrains & a couplet

C. Limerick – funny, specific rhythm & rhyme scheme

D. Haiku -

E. Ode- Tribute to, celebration or dedication to

F. Elegy- sad poem (death of someone)

G. Free Verse (Non- Traditional)-  
 H. Traditional – patterns exist in rhyme, rhythm, stanzas, standardized punctuation

II. Elements o f Traditional Poetry

A. Rhyme Scheme (internal, end)

B. Rhythm Pattern (meter, feet) C. Stanza Pattern

D. Standard punctuation (but capitalize 1st word in each line)

III. How do poets create imagery and/or sensory (hear, see, smell, taste, touch) images? (Hint: What is

figurative language?)

A. Specific Verbs & modifiers (adj. & adv.)

B. simile

C. Metaphor

D. Onomatopoeia

E. Personification

F. Dialect

G. Repetition

H. Alliteration

I. Assonance

J. Consonance

K. Rhythm & Rhyme

What is rhythm and how is it measured?

Sound that stressed and unstressed syllables make. They are measured in syllables, meter & feet.

IV. Other Literary Terms that apply to Poetry

A. Theme (some point about life the writer is making)

B. Setting

C. Mood (feeling reader gets)

D. Narrative Point of View

E. Character

F. Tone (of the narrator)

V. Other Poetic Terms

A. Line

B. Stanza

1. couplet – 2 lines in one stanza

2. tercet – 3 lines in one stanza

3 quatrain- 4 lines in one stanza